

Printing Date: 08/01/2024 Revision Time: 08/01/2024

SECTION 1: Identification of the substance/mixture and of the company/undertaking

1.1. Product identifier

Trade Name: EVEC Rubber Compound

Product-type Mixture

Chemical Name Polyisoprene-silica Rubber Compound.

1.2. Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against

Application of the substance/ the mixture Tire Manufacturing

Uses advised against No further relevant information available

1.3. Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet

Manufacturer/Supplier: Ecombine Advanced Materials Co., Ltd.

NO.43 Zhengzhou Road

Qingdao,266042

China.

E-mail address of the competent person responsible for

the SDS: jsyf@ecombine.com

1.4. Emergency telephone number:

SECTION 2: Hazards identification

2.1. Classification of the substance or mixture

Classification according to Regulation (EC)No 1272/2008

Skin Sensitization 1
 Acute Toxicity 4
 Reproduction 1B
 Aquatic Chronic 1
 H317
 H302
 H360
 H410

2.2. Label elements

Labelling according to Regulation (EC)No 1272/2008

Hazard pictogram



Signal word Warning

Hazard-determining components of labelling N-1,3-dimethylbutyl-N'-phenyl-p-phenylenediamine

Hazard statements H302: Harmful if swallowed.

H317: May cause an allergic skin reaction.

H360: May damage fertility or the unborn child

益凯新材料有限公司 Ecombine Advanced Materials Co., Ltd 地址: 山东省青岛市郑州路43号 Add: No.43 Zhengzhou Road, Qingdao, Shandong, China



Revision Time: 08/01/2024 Printing Date: 08/01/2024

H410: Very toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

Precautionary statements P103 Read label before use.

> P262 Do not get in eyes, on skin, or on clothing.

P332 If skin irritation occurs, wash with soap and water, if

irritation persists, seek medical attention.

P402+403+411 Store in a dry, well ventilated place, store at

temperatures not exceeding 45°C.

P501 Dispose of contents/container in accordance with

local/regional/national/international regulations.

SECTION 3: Composition/information on ingredients

Substance/	Mixture:	Mixture

Ingredients		
Chemical Name:	CAS NO.	%(w/w)
Polyisoprene	9003-31-0	59.5%
Silica	7631-86-9	29.8%
Microcrystalline wax	63231-60-7	0.6%
Hazardous Components		
3-(TriethoxysilyI)propanethiol 14814-09-6		4.3%
STOT SE 3: H335; Eye Irrit. 2: H319; Skin Irrit. 2: H315		4.370
Zinc Oxide	1314-13-2	2.0%
Acute aquatic toxicity 1: H400; Chronic aquatic toxicity1: H410		
Stearic Acid	57-11-4	1.2%
Skin Irrit.2:H315; Eye Irrit.2: H319		1.270
N-1,3-dimethylbutyl-N'-phenyl-p-phenylenediamine	793-24-8	1.7%
Acute toxicity, Category 4: H302; Skin sensitization, Category 1:		
H317;		
Acute aquatic toxicity, Category 1: H400;		
Chronic aquatic toxicity, Category 1:H410;		
May damage fertility or the unborn child, Category 1B, H360 May		
damage fertility or the unborn child.		
2,2,4-trimethyl-1,2dihydroquinoline	26780-96-1	0.9%

SECTION 4: First aid measures

Aquatic Chronic 3, H412

4.1 Description of first aid measures

General Information: Spontaneous penetration of rubber compounds into human organism is

impossible.



Printing Date: 08/01/2024 Revision Time: 08/01/2024

Rubber compound at normal conditions is stable and non-volatile.

Under high temperatures and during rubber processing release of monomer vapors are possible which in poor ventilated areas may cause irritation of eyes

mucous and upper respiratory ways.

Contact with eyes may cause mechanical damage, irritation of eyes mucous,

delacrimation.

No significant health hazard in normal industrial use conditions. Contact with melted/ heated product may cause thermal burns.

Inhalation: In emergency and in case of poisoning by rubber combustion products or if

decomposition or thermal destruction products are inhaled:

Move an exposed person to fresh air at once. Keep warm and at rest. If there is respiratory distress, give oxygen. If respiration stops or shows signs of failing,

apply artificial respiration. Get medical attention.

Skin contact: Wash with soap and water, remove contaminated clothing and launder before

reuse. If irritation persists, seek medical attention. In case of contact with hot product remove contaminated clothing and wash skin with plenty of running

water. Get medical attention.

Eye contact: Rinse the eye immediately with plenty of water (low pressure) for at least 15

minutes.

Remove contact lenses. Get medical attention.

Ingestion: In case of accidental swallowing:

Wash out mouth with water and give plenty of water to drink, provided person is conscious. Do not induce vomiting unless directed to do so by medical personnel. Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person. If vomiting occurs naturally, have the exposed person lean forward. Get medical attention.

4.2 Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed

No information available

4.3 Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed

No further information available

SECTION 5: Firefighting measures

5.1 Extinguishing media

Suitable extinguishing agents: Use foam, dry chemical, carbon dioxide, sand or water

spray.

Unsuitable extinguishing media: No information.

5.2 Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture

Combustion generates irritating and toxic fumes.

Burning causes emissions of carbon oxide.

5.3 Advice for firefighters



Printing Date: 08/01/2024 Revision Time: 08/01/2024

Protective equipment:

Wear canvas protective suit, gloves, helmets, face shields, rubber or kersey boots, gas mask.

SECTION 6: Accidental release measures

6.1 Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

Wear protective equipment. Keep unprotected persons away. Ensure adequate ventilation.

6.2 Environmental precautions:

Not available.

6.3 Methods and material for containment and cleaning up

Collect mechanically and place into a suitable disposal container. Avoid generating dusty conditions. Remove all sources of ignition. Use a spark-proof tool.

6.4 Reference to other sections

See Section 7 for information on safe handling.

See Section 8 for information on personal protection equipment.

SECTION 7: Handling and storage

7.1 Precautions for safe handling

Information about fire and explosion protection: Handle in accordance with good industrial hygiene and safety

practice.

Provide input-extract and local ventilation of work zones.

Provide thorough sealing and grounding of process equipment.

Regularly control work zone air.

Use explosion-proof apparatus / fittings and spark-proof tools. Avoid

naked flames. Remove ignition sources. Avoid sparks. Do not smoke.

General occupational hygiene Comply with personal hygiene measures and use the personal

protective equipment (see Section 8).

Do not smoke, eat or drink in the workplace.

Do not inhale gases / fumes / aerosols.

Work rooms must be equipped with adequate ventilation and exhaust equipment to collect the gas/vapours that may be evolved

during handling.

Keep away from food stuffs, beverages and feed.

Wash hands before breaks and at the end of work.

Store protective clothing separately.

7.2 Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

Requirements to be met by storerooms and receptacles:

Store in a dry, well-ventilated area, at temperature not

exceeding 30°C.

Keep away from direct sunlight, atmospheric precipitation

and incompatible substances.



Printing Date: 08/01/2024 Revision Time: 08/01/2024

Keep away from heat, sparks, and flame. Keep away from

sources of ignition.

Prevent from freezing.

Information about storage in one common storage facility

Further information about storage conditions:

Store away from oxidizing agents.

No further relevant information available.

7.3 Special end use(s)

No further relevant information available.

SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection

8.1 Control parameters

None data available for rubber elastomers. For the additives, related data from respective MSDS are listed below:

Exposure limits: N-1,3-dimethylbutyl-N'-phenyl-p-phenylenediamine:

OSHA PEL/8Hr-TWA = 15mg/m^3 (Total Dust).

OSHA PEL/8Hr-TWA = 0.5 mg/m^3 (Respirable Dust).

ACGIH TLV/8-Hr TWA = 10 mg/m^3 .

Wax:

ACGIH TLV/8-Hr TWA = 2 mg/m^3 .

ACGIH TLV/8-Hr TWA = 10 mg/m^3 .

8.2 Exposure controls

Appropriate engineering controls: Forced-air and exhaust ventilation in work zones.

Sealing and grounding of equipment and communications.

Usage of intrinsically safe equipment.

Personal protection equipment: Respiratory tract:

Not required (if is used workplace conditions).

In emergency or in case of increase of hazardous substances concentration at the workplace wear positive pressure MSHA/NIOSH-

approved self-contained breathing apparatus.

Hand protection:

Wear approved protective gloves.

Eye protection:

Wear approved safety goggles.

Skin protection:

Wear protective clothing and footwear, in contact with the hot

5

product wear thermally resistant gloves.

No further information available. Environmental exposure controls:

SECTION 9: Physical and chemical properties

9.1 Information on basic physical and chemical properties

Physical state at 20°C and 101.3 kPa Solid Appearance Rubber Odour Peculiar

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Printing Date: 08/01/2024 Revision Time: 08/01/2024

Color Brown to black

pH value Not applicable, insoluble

Melting point

>200°C

Ignition temperature

>315°C

Auto-ignition temperature

>400°C

Relative density 1.18-1.20 g/cm³
Solubility Insoluble in water.

Soluble in aromatic and aliphatic solvents (benzene, toluene, heptane, hexane

etc.)

Flammability Does not ignite spontaneously, burn only upon entering into a source of fire.

Explosive properties Non explosive
Average molecular weight 300000-400000

Granulometry Not applicable, substance is not marketed or used in granular form.

SECTION 10: Stability and reactivity

10.1 Reactivity Undergoes oxidation, oxidative destruction.

10.2 Chemical stability
 10.3 Possibility of hazardous reactions
 10.4 Combustion generates irritating and toxic fumes.

Burning causes emissions of carbon oxide.

10.4 Conditions to avoid Avoid high temperatures. Avoid naked flame. Avoid exposure to direct sun

beams. Avoid contact with water

10.5 Incompatible materials: Avoid the contact with oxidising substances.

10.6 Hazardous decomposition products: Carbon monoxide, Carbon dioxide, Nitrogen oxides.

SECTION 11: Toxicological information

General information:

Rubber compounds are blends of polymer, chemical additives and extended with MINERAL oil. In usual industrial conditions, the SSBR and HCBR elastomer is very stable. But other major additives may cause effects other than elastomers, therefore the relative data of major additives were listed for reference. The source of the toxicological data for each of the major components listed are the SDS of their suppliers.

11.1 Silica

Skin Irritation: Mildly irritation **Eye Irritation**: Mildly irritaition

Carcinogenicity status:

This product is NOT listed as a carcinogen or suspected carcinogen by NTP, IARC, ACGIH or OSHA.

Medical Conditions Aggravates: None Known.

Disclaimer: Silica in the rubber compounds have been modified and chemically bonded with polymers, therefore the

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6



Printing Date: 08/01/2024 Revision Time: 08/01/2024

effects of silica as powder are eliminated.

11.2 Bis (Triethoxysilylpropyl)Tetrasulfane

Toxicity values:

Route Species Test Value Units
ORAL RAT LD50 >17675 mg/kg
DERMAL RAT LD50 >4983 mg/kg

Relevant hazards for substance:

Hazard Route Basis

Skin corrosion/irritationDRMBased on test dataSerious eye damage/irritationOPTBased on test dataSTOT-single exposureINHBased on test data

11.3 Stearic Acid

Acute toxicity: ivn-mus LD50:23 mg/kg

ivn-rat LD50: 21500 ug/kg

orl-rat LDLo: 4640 mg/kg

Skin corrosion/irritation: skn-rbt LD50:>5 g/kg

skn-hmn 75 mg/3D-I MLD skn-rbt 500 mg/24H MOD

Serious eye damage/irritation:No data availableRespiratory or skin sensitization:No data availableGerm cell mutagenicity:No data available

Carcinogenicity: imp-mus TDLo:400 mg/kg

Reproductive toxicity:No data availableStot-single exposure:No data availableStot-repeated exposure:No data availableAspiration hazard:No data available

11.4 N-1,3-dimethylbutyl-N'-phenyl-p-phenylenediamine

Acute toxicity: LD50(Oral,Rat):3580 mg/kg

LD50(Dermal Rabbit): >7940 ug/kg LC50(Inhalation, Rat): Not available.

Skin corrosion/irritation: Species: Rabbit

Exposure time: 72h

Result: No skin irritation

Serious eye damage/irritation: Species: Rabbit

Exposure time: 72h

Result: slight

Respiratory or skin sensitization: Test Type: Skin sensitization



Printing Date: 08/01/2024 Revision Time: 08/01/2024

Species: Guinea pig

Result: May cause sensitization by skin contact.

Test Type: Human experience

Result: May cause sensitization by skin contact.

Germ cell mutagenicity:

Genotoxicity in vitro : Test Type: Mutagenicity - Bacterial

Metabolic activation: +/- activation

Method: Bacterial Reverse Mutation Assay

Result: negative

: Metabolic activation: +/- activation

Method: In vitro Mammalian Chromosome

Aberration Test
Result: positive

Genotoxicity in vivo : Test Type: various

Species: Rat Result: negative

Carcinogenicity:

Species: Rat, (Male and Female)
Application Route: Ingestion
Method: OECD Test Guideline 451
Remarks: Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

Reproductive toxicity:

Effects on fertility: Test Type: OECD

Test No. 421: Reproduction/Developmental

Toxicity Screening Test

Species: Rat

Application Route: Oral NOAEL: 100 mg/kg, F1: 100 mg/kg

Effects on foetal development Species: Rat

Application Route: Oral

No observed adverse effect level100 mg/kg

Method: OECD

Test No. 421: Reproduction/Developmental

Toxicity Screening Test

STOT-single exposure: Not classified STOT-repeated exposure: Not classified



Printing Date: 08/01/2024 Revision Time: 08/01/2024

Repeated dose toxicity:

Species: Rat, male and female

NOAEL: 20 mg/kg

Application Route: by gavage Exposure time: 28 days

Species: Rat, male and female

NOAEL: 13.5 mg/kg

Application Route: in feed Exposure time: 2 years

Aspiration toxicity: Not classified

11.5 Zinc Oxide

Acute toxicity: LD50 Oral - mouse - 7,950 mg/kg

LC50 Inhalation - mouse - 2,500 mg/m³

Skin corrosion/irritation:Skin - rabbit - Mild skin irritation - 24 hSerious eye damage/irritation:Eyes - rabbit - Mild eye irritation - 24 h

Eyes - rabbit - Mild eye irritation - 24 h

Respiratory or skin sensitization: no data available

Germ cell mutagenicity: Genotoxicity in vitro - Hamster - Embryo

Unscheduled DNA synthesis

Genotoxicity in vitro - Hamster - Embryo

Morphological transformation.

Genotoxicity in vitro - Hamster - Embryo

Sister chromatid exchange

Genotoxicity in vivo - guinea pig - Inhalation

Unscheduled DNA synthesis

Carcinogenicity: IARC: No components of this product present at

levels greater than or equal to 0.1% is identified

as probable, possible or confirmed human

carcinogen by IARC.

Reproductive toxicity:Aspiration hazard:
No data available

11.6 Wax

Acute toxicity: LD50 Oral - rat - male and female - > 5,000

mg/kg (OECD Test Guideline 401)

LD50 Dermal - rabbit - > 3,600 mg/kg

Skin corrosion/irritation: Skin - rabbit

Result: No skin irritation - 4 h (OECD Test Guideline 404)



Printing Date: 08/01/2024 Revision Time: 08/01/2024

Serious eye damage/irritation: Eyes - rabbit

Result: No eye irritation - 1 s (OECD Test Guideline 405)

Respiratory or skin sensitization: Maximisation Test - guinea pig

Result: Does not cause skin sensitisation.

(OECD Test Guideline 406)

Germ cell mutagenicity: Ames test

S. typhimurium Result: negative

Carcinogenicity: Carcinogenicity - rat - Implant

Tumorigenic: Equivocal tumorigenic agent by

RTECS criteria. Kidney, Ureter,

Bladder:Tumors.

IARC: No component of this product present at levels greater than or equal to 0.1% is identified as probable, possible or confirmed human

carcinogen by IARC.

Reproductive toxicity:No data availableStot-single exposure:Not classifiedStot-repeated exposure:Not classifiedAspiration hazard:No data available

SECTION 12: Ecological information

General information:

At normal conditions rubber compound is a stable product. The main ingredients polymer is poorly biodegradable but does not pose a hazard to the environment. Additives which have data of ecotoxicological effects are listed.

12.1 Silica

Ecotoxicological Information

EC₀ >1000 ppm (daphnia magna) (24-hour acute

immobilization test)-slight to very low toxicity.

EC₀ >10000 ppm (rainbow trout) (4-day static study)- slight to

very low toxicity.

EC₀ >10000 ppm (freshwater fish) (96 hour static acute toxicity

study) - slight to very low toxicity.

Environmental Fate When released into the soil, this material is not expected

to biodegrade.

When released into water, this material is not expected to

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Printing Date: 08/01/2024 Revision Time: 08/01/2024

biodegrade.

Environmental toxicity This material is not expected to be toxic to aquatic life.

12.2 Bis (Triethoxysilylpropyl)Tetrasulfane

Ecotoxicity valuesNot applicable.Persistence and degradabilityNo data available.Bioaccumulative potentialNo data available.MobilityNo data available.

Pbt identification This substance is not identified as a PBT

substance.

Other adverse effects No data available.

12.3 Stearic Acid

Toxicity

Fish No data available
Crustacea No data available
Algae No data available

Mobility In Soil

Log Pow 8.23
Soil adsorption (Koc) 7.2 x 105
Henry's Law constant (PaM3/mol) 4.9 x 10-2

Results of PBT and vPvB assessment

PBT Not applicable
vPvB Not applicable
Persistence and degradability No data available

Bioaccumulative potential 1100000

Other adverse effects No data available

12.4 Zinc Oxides

Aquatic Toxicity

Persistence and degradability

Bioaccumulative potential

Mobility in soil

No further relevant information available
No further relevant information available
No further relevant information available

Ecotoxical effects:

Remark Very toxic for fish **Additional** General notes

ecological Do not allow product to reach ground water,water bodies or sewage system. Water hazard class 2(self-assessment) hazardous for water.

Danger to drinking water if even small quantities leak into soil. Also

Danger to drinking water if even small quantities leak into soil. Also poisonous for fish and plankton in water bodies. May cause long lasting



Printing Date: 08/01/2024 Revision Time: 08/01/2024

harmful effects to aquatic life. Avoid transfer into the environment. Very

toxic for aquatic organisms

Results of PBT and vPvB assessment

PBT Not applicable. vPvB Not applicable.

Other adverse effects: No further relevant information available.

12.5 N-1,3-dimethylbutyl-N'-phenyl-p-phenylenediamine

Toxicity

Fish 48h LC50:0.408 mg/L (Oryzias latipes)

Crustacea No data available
Algae No data available

Persistence and degradability 2 % (by BOD), 92 % (HPLC)

Bioaccumulative potential <1.2 - 17 (conc. 6.83 ug/L), <12 - 23 (conc. 0.683 ug/L)

Mobility in soil

Log Pow 5.4

Soil adsorption (Koc) No data available Henry's Law constant (PaM3/mol) No data available

Results of PBT and vPvB assessment

PBT Not applicable
vPvB Not applicable
Other adverse effects No data available

12.6 Wax

Toxicityno data availablePersistence and degradabilityno data availableBioaccumulative potentialno data availableMobility in soilno data available

Results of PBT and vPvBPBT/vPvB assessment not available as chemical safety assessment not required/not conducted

Other adverse effects no data available

SECTION 13: Disposal considerations

13.1 Waste treatment methodsDispose in accordance with local and national

regulations.

Waste water containing rubber should be treated.

Packaging waste (paper bags) shall be collected and send for recycling. Plastic waste shall be removed to disposal. Contaminated packaging should be emptied as far as possible and after appropriate cleaning may be



Revision Time: 08/01/2024 Printing Date: 08/01/2024

taken for reuse.

SECTION 14: Transport information

14.1 UN-Number

Not applicable

14.2 UN proper shipping name

Not applicable

14.3 Transport hazard class(es)

Not applicable

14.4 Packing group

Not applicable

14.5 Environmental hazards:

Not applicable

14.6 Special precautions for user

Not applicable

14.7 Transport in bulk according to Annex II of MARPOL

Not applicable

and the IBC Code

SECTION 15:Regulatory information

15.1 Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture

This SDS has been drawn up in compliance with the

applicable REACH regulation requirements.

Chemical Safety Report has been performed for monomers: 1,3-butadiene (CAS #106-99-0; EC #203-

450-8), styrene (CAS #100-42-5; EC #202-851-5).

15.2 Chemical safety assessment:

A chemical safety assessment has not been carried out,

as not required.

SECTION 16: Other information

16.1 Indication of changes

Version 2.0 Amended by (EU) 2015/830

16.2 Abbreviations and acronyms

ADR: European Agreement concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Road

RID: Regulation for rail international transportation of Dangerous goods

ADN: European Agreement concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Inland Waterways

IMDG: Code international maritime dangerous goods code

ICAO: International Civil Aviation Organization IATA: International Air Transport Association

LC50: median lethal concentration



Printing Date: 08/01/2024 Revision Time: 08/01/2024

EC50: The effective concentration of substance that causes 50% of the maximum response.

NOEC: No Observed Effect Concentration

DNEL: derived no-effect level

PNEC: predicted no-effect concentration

16.3 Key literature references and sources for data

ECHA Guidance on the compilation of safety data sheets

16.4 Classification and procedure used to derive the classification for mixtures according to Regulation (EC) 1272/2008 [CLP]

on basis of test data

Classification according to Regulation (EC)No 1272/2008 Classification procedure Skin Sensitization 1 H317

16.5 Relevant H-statements (number and full text)

H317: May cause an allergic skin reaction.

16.6 Further information

This information is based on our current level of knowledge. This information may be subject to revision as new knowledge and experience becomes available, and ECOMBINE makes no warranties and assumes no liability in connection with any use of this information.